Feeney	Lewis (CA)	Reynolds
Ferguson	Lewis (KY)	Rogers (AL)
Flake	Linder	Rogers (KY)
Forbes	LoBiondo	Rogers (MI)
Fortenberry	Lucas	Rohrabacher
Fossella	Lungren, Daniel	Ros-Lehtinen
Foxx	E.	Roskam
Franks (AZ)	Mack	Royce
Frelinghuysen	Manzullo	Ryan (WI)
Gallegly	Marchant	Sali
Garrett (NJ)	McCarthy (CA)	Saxton
Gerlach	McCaul (TX)	Schmidt
Gilchrest	McCotter	Sensenbrenner
Gingrey	McCrery	Sessions
Gohmert	McHugh	Shadegg
Goode	McKeon	Shays
Goodlatte	McMorris	Shimkus
Granger	Rodgers	Shuster
Graves	Mica	Simpson
Hall (TX)	Miller (FL)	Smith (NE)
Hastings (WA)	Miller (MI)	Smith (NJ)
Hayes	Miller, Gary	Smith (TX)
Heller	Moran (KS)	Souder
Hensarling	Murphy, Tim	Stearns
Herger	Musgrave	Sullivan
Hobson	Myrick	Tancredo
Hoekstra	Neugebauer	Terry
Hunter	Nunes	Thornberry
Inglis (SC)	Paul	Tiahrt
Issa	Pearce	Tiberi
Johnson (IL)	Pence	Turner
Johnson, Sam	Peterson (PA)	Upton
Jordan	Petri	Walberg
Keller	Pickering	Walden (OR)
King (IA)	Pitts	Walsh (NY)
King (NY)	Platts	Wamp
Kingston	Poe	Weldon (FL)
Kirk	Porter	Weller
Kline (MN)	Price (GA)	Westmoreland
Knollenberg	Putnam	Whitfield (KY)
Kuhl (NY)	Radanovich	Wilson (NM)
LaHood	Ramstad	Wilson (SC)
Lamborn	Regula	Wittman (VA)
Latham	Rehberg	Wolf
LaTourette	Reichert	Young (AK)
Latta	Renzi	Young (FL)

## NOT VOTING-19

Andrews Hulshof Pryce (OH) Burton (IN) Jones (NC) Rush Butterfield Jones (OH) Schakowsky Campbell (CA) Larson (CT) Speier McDermott Carson Weiner Conaway McHenry

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (during the vote). There are 2 minutes remaining in this vote.

# □ 1716

Mr. DELAHUNT changed his vote from "no" to "aye."

So the motion to table was agreed to. The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

# MOTION TO ADJOURN

Mr. SIMPSON. Madam Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion to adjourn.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the noes appeared to have it.

# RECORDED VOTE

Mr. SIMPSON. Madam Speaker, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 149, noes 251, not voting 32, as follows:

# [Roll No. 260]

# AYES-149

 $\begin{array}{lll} {\rm Aderholt} & {\rm Bachus} & {\rm Biggert} \\ {\rm Akin} & {\rm Barrett} \, ({\rm SC}) & {\rm Bilbray} \\ {\rm Alexander} & {\rm Bartlett} \, ({\rm MD}) & {\rm Bishop} \, ({\rm UT}) \\ {\rm Bachmann} & {\rm Barton} \, ({\rm TX}) & {\rm Blackburn} \end{array}$ 

Blunt Boehner Bonner Bono Mack Boozman Boustany Brady (TX) Broun (GA) Calvert Camp (MI) Cannon Cantor Capito Carter Chabot Cole (OK) Crenshaw Cubin Culberson Davis, David Davis, Tom Deal (GA) Diaz-Balart, L Diaz-Balart, M. Doolittle Drake Dreier Duncan Emerson English (PA) Everett Fallin. Feenev Ferguson Flake Forbes Franks (AZ) Frelinghuysen Gallegly Garrett (NJ) Gingrev Goode Goodlatte Gordon Granger Graves

Abercrombie

Ackerman

Allen

Altmire

Arcuri

Baca.

Baird

Rean

Berry

Boren

Boswell

Boucher

Boyda (KS)

Brady (PA)

Braley (IA)

Brown (SC)

Ginny

Buchanan

Burgess

Capuano

Cardoza

Carney

Castle

Castor

Carnahan

Cazayoux

Chandler

Clarke

Cleaver

Clyburn

Coble

Cohen

Conyers

Cooper

Costello

Courtney

Cramer

Costa

Clay

Capps

Brown, Corrine

Brown-Waite,

Becerra

Berkley Berman

Bilirakis

Bishop (GA)

Bishop (NY)

Blumenauer

#### Hall (TX) Pickering Hastings (WA) Pitts Hayes Price (GA) Heller Putnam Herger Radanovich Hobson Regula Hoekstra. Rehberg Hunter Reichert Inglis (SC) Renzi Tssa. Reynolds Johnson (IL) Rogers (AL) Johnson, Sam Rogers (KY) Keller Rohrabacher King (IA) Roskam King (NY) Royce Kline (MN) Rvan (WI) Knollenberg Schmidt LaHood Sensenbrenner Lamborn Latham Sessions LaTourette Shadegg Shays Latta Lewis (CA) Shimkus Lewis (KY) Shuster Lucas Simpson Lungren, Daniel Smith (NE) E. Smith (NJ) Mack Smith (TX) Marchant Souder McCarthy (CA) Stearns McCaul (TX) Taylor McCrery Thornberry McKeon Tiberi McMorris Turner Rodgers Upton Miller (FL) Walden (OR) Miller (MI) Walsh (NY) Miller, Gary Weller Musgrave Westmoreland Myrick Whitfield (KY) Neugebauer Wilson (NM) Nunes Wilson (SC) Paul Wittman (VA) Pearce

## NOES-251

Peterson (PA)

Pence

Petri

Wolf

Young (AK)

Young (FL)

Crowlev Hinchey Cuellar Hinojosa Cummings Hirono Davis (AL) Hodes Davis (CA) Holt Davis (II.) Honda Davis (KY) Hooley Davis, Lincoln Hoyer DeFazio Inslee DeGette Israel Delahunt Jackson (IL) DeLauro Jackson-Lee (TX) Dent Dicks Jefferson Dingell Johnson (GA) Doggett Johnson, E. B. Donnelly Jordan Dovle Kaniorski Edwards Kaptur Ehlers Kennedy Kildee Ellison Ellsworth Kilpatrick Emanuel Kind Kingston Engel Eshoo Kirk Klein (FL) Etheridge Kucinich Farr Fattah Kuhl (NY) Filner Lampson Fortenberry Langevin Fossella Larsen (WA) Foster Larson (CT) Foxx Lee Frank (MA) Levin Lewis (GA) Gerlach Giffords Lipinski Gilchrest LoBiondo Gillibrand Loebsack Gohmert Lowey Gonzalez Lynch Mahoney (FL) Green, Al Green, Gene Maloney (NY) Grijalva Manzullo Gutierrez Markey Hare Marshall Harman Matheson Hastings (FL) Matsui Herseth Sandlin McCarthy (NY) Higgins McCollum (MN) Hill McCotter

McGovern Poe Solis McHugh Pomeroy Space McIntyre Porter Spratt McNerney Rahall Stark McNulty Ramstad Stupak Meek (FL) Rangel Sutton Meeks (NY) Reves Tancredo Richardson Melancon Tanner Mica Rodriguez Tauscher Rogers (MI) Michaud Terry Ros-Lehtinen Thompson (CA) Miller (NC) Miller, George Ross Thompson (MS) Mitchell Rothman Tia.hrt. Roybal-Allard Mollohan Tierney Moore (KS) Ruppersberger Towns Moore (WI) Ryan (OH) Tsongas Moran (KS) Salazar Udall (CO) Moran (VA) Sali Udall (NM) Sánchez, Linda Murphy (CT) Van Hollen Murphy, Patrick Velázquez Sanchez Loretta Murphy, Tim Visclosky Walberg Sarbanes Murtha Nadler Walz (MN) Saxton Napolitano Schiff Wamp Neal (MA) Schwartz Wasserman Obey Scott (GA) SchultzOlver Scott (VA) Watson Ortiz Watt Serrano Pallone Shea-Porter Weldon (FL) Pascrell 1 4 1 Sherman Wexler Wilson (OH) Pastor Shuler Payne Sires Woolsey Perlmutter Skelton Wu Peterson (MN) Slaughter Wynn Platts Snyder Yarmuth NOT VOTING-

Andrews Hulshof Rush Jones (NC) Baldwin Schakowsky Jones (OH) Boyd (FL) Sestak Burton (IN) Kagen Smith (WA) Butterfield Linder Speier Campbell (CA) Lofgren, Zoe Sullivan Carson McDermott Waters McHenry Conaway Waxman Hall (NY) Oberstai Weiner Hensarling Price (NC) Welch (VT) Holden Pryce (OH)

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE The SPEAKER pro tempore (during the vote). Two minutes are remaining in this vote.

# □ 1733

So the motion to adjourn was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

# FACILITATING PRESERVATION OF CERTAIN AFFORDABLE HOUSING DWELLING UNITS

Mr. MEEKS of New York. Madam Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 5937) to facilitate the preservation of certain affordable housing dwelling units.

The Clerk read the title of the bill. The text of the bill is as follows:

# H.R. 5937

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled

### SECTION 1. PRESERVATION OF CERTAIN AF-FORDABLE HOUSING DWELLING UNITS.

- (a) CONVERSION OF HUD CONTRACTS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development may, at the request of the owner of the multifamily housing project to which Section 8 Project Number NY 913 VO 0018 and RAP Contract Number 012035NIRAP are subject, convert such contracts to a contract for project-based rental assistance under section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f).
  - (b) Initial Renewal.—
- (1) ELIGIBILITY.—At the request of the owner made no later than 90 days prior to a

conversion, the Secretary may, to the extent sufficient amounts are made available in appropriation Acts and notwithstanding any other law, treat the contemplated resulting contract as if such contract were eligible for initial renewal under section 524(a) of the Multifamily Assisted Housing Reform and Affordability Act of 1997 (42 U.S.C. 1437f note).

- (2) REQUEST.—A request by the owner pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be upon such terms and conditions as the Secretary may require.
- (c) RESULTING CONTRACT.—The resulting contract shall—
- (1) be subject to section 524(a) of MAHRA (42 II S.C. 1437f note):
- (2) be considered for all purposes a contract that has been renewed under section 524(a) of MAHRA (42 U.S.C. 1437f note) for a term not to exceed 20 years:
- (3) be subsequently renewable at the request of the owner, under any renewal option for which the project is eligible under MAHRA (42 U.S.C. 1437f note);
- (4) contain provisions limiting distributions, as the Secretary determines appropriate, not to exceed 10 percent of the initial investment of the owner;
- (5) be subject to the availability of sufficient amounts in appropriation Acts; and
- (6) be subject to such other terms and conditions as the Secretary considers appropriate.
- (d) INCOME TARGETING.—The owner shall be deemed to be in compliance with all incometargeting requirements under the United States Housing Act of 1937 by serving low-income families, as such term is defined in the section 3(b)(2) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 1437a(b)(2)).
- (e) TENANT ELIGIBILITY.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, each family residing in an assisted dwelling unit on the date of the conversion under this section, subject to the resulting contract under subsection (a), shall be considered to meet the applicable requirements for income eligibility and occupancy.
- (f) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section—
- (1) the term "assisted dwelling unit" means the dwelling units that, on the date of the conversion under this section, were subject to Section 8 Project Number NY 913 VO 0018 or RAP Contract Number 012035NIRAP:
- (2) the term "conversion" means the action under which Section 8 Project Number NY 913 VO 0018 and RAP Contract Number 012035NIRAP become a contract for project-based rental assistance under section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f) pursuant to subsection (a):
- (3) the term "MAHRA" means the Multifamily Assisted Housing Reform and Affordability Act of 1997 (42 U.S.C. 1437f note); (4) the term "owner" means Starrett City
- (4) the term "owner" means Starrett City Associates or any successor owner of the multifamily housing project to which Section 8 Project Number NY 913 VO 0018 and RAP Contract Number 012035NIRAP are subject;
- (5) the term "resulting contract" means the new contract after a conversion of Section 8 Project Number NY 913 VO 0018 and RAP Contract Number 012035NIRAP to a contract for project-based rental assistance under section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f) pursuant to subsection (a); and
- (6) the term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from New York (Mr. MEEKS) and the gentleman from Delaware (Mr. CASTLE) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from New York.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. MEEKS of New York. Madam Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days within which to revise and extend their remarks on this legislation and to insert extraneous material thereon.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New York?

There was no objection.

Mr. MEEKS of New York. Madam Speaker, I yield myself 2 minutes.

Access to affordable housing is one of the most serious challenges facing our Nation today. Working families are experiencing the most trying economic downturn in nearly 25 years. Rising costs in food, household necessities, utilities, along with stagnating wages and daily increases in the price of gasoline are wreaking havoc upon the lives of hardworking American men and women.

The precipitous increases in mortgage delinquencies and foreclosures have caused record numbers of Americans to lose their homes. This crisis has been exacerbated by the unprecedented numbers of people being waitlisted for public housing which has grown significantly.

The lack of affordable housing impacts every region of this Nation. My colleagues and I have been fighting to ensure access to affordable housing in New York and throughout the country. Among my chief responsibilities to the constituents of New York's Sixth Congressional District is to work to help provide affordable housing.

For those reasons, my friend, Congressman ED TOWNS, along with my friends and colleagues, Representatives PETER KING, BARNEY FRANK, MAXINE WATERS and NYDIA VELÁZQUEZ introduced H.R. 5937 which will facilitate the preservation of affordable housing units.

Madam Speaker, at this time I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. CASTLE. Madam Speaker, I yield myself 4 minutes.

Madam Speaker, today I rise in support of H.R. 5937, a bill to preserve the affordability of the Starrett City development, the largest federally subsidized housing project in the country. This bill is a bipartisan effort with our colleagues from the New York delegation in the House, as well as Senator Schumer, to maintain affordable housing in one of the most unaffordable cities, New York City.

The current owners of Starrett City intend to sell the project. This legislation will ensure that Starrett City remains an affordable housing resource for Brooklyn residents when the sale is completed. H.R. 5937 allows HUD, per the request of the project's private owners, to convert the project's section 8 and rental assistance payments contract into project-based section 8 contracts. All existing tenants receiving housing assistance under the existing

contracts will remain eligible for assistance under the new project-based section 8 contracts. If this bill is enacted, 5,881 affordable housing units will be preserved for 14,000 residents.

This bill will not result in any additional cost to the Federal Government. In fact, by preserving existing housing, this bill could result in cost savings. The owners of Starrett City are in favor of this legislation, in addition to the State of New York and the residents of Starrett City.

I urge my colleagues to join me in support of this important piece of legislation.

I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. MEEKS of New York. Madam Speaker, at this time I would like to yield 5 minutes to my dear friend and colleague and the author of this critically important bill, the Honorable Congressman ED TOWNS, who has been a leader during his tenure in Congress on providing access to affordable housing.

Mr. TOWNS. Madam Speaker, I thank my friend for yielding time to me, and I appreciate his help on this bill. I think it is an important piece of legislation.

I also thank Congresswoman NYDIA VELÁZQUEZ. I guess I better also thank the chairman of the committee, BARNEY FRANK, who also worked very hard on this, and the chairperson of the committee, MAXINE WATERS, on their assistance in getting us to this point.

Access to affordable housing is a serious problem across America, particularly with the weakening economy and rising gas, utility and food costs.

With a rise in mortgage foreclosures leading to people losing their homes and unprecedented waiting lists for public housing—and the list gets longer and longer and longer—the ability to find affordable housing is crucial. Every time I go back to my district, this is the subject that comes up: What can we do about finding an affordable apartment?

Along with my colleagues in New York, I have been working to ensure access to affordable housing throughout my tenure in the United States Congress. But as neighborhoods developed, residents have been priced out of their homes and neighborhoods. And more and more, this is a cry coming from across the land.

For these reasons, along with my colleagues Congressman King, Congressman Frank, Congresswoman Waters, and Congresswoman Velázquez, we introduced H.R. 5937 which will facilitate the preservation of affordable housing units.

This bill will convert HUD contracts into a new 20-year housing assistance payment contract under the Multifamily Housing Restructuring and Affordability Act of 1997. Conversion of these HUD contracts will allow purchasers of certain affordable housing developments to secure the long-term financing necessary to purchase the property.

By making these properties affordable to the owners, they can in turn keep the housing affordable for the tenants. I hope that you will join us today in voting "yes" on H.R. 5937 to help preserve affordable housing.

And let me just say to my good friends throughout this body that there is no additional cost. I think what we are doing here is being creative and making it possible that people who are having difficulty will be able to have apartments. I think that during this difficult time of foreclosures and the problems we are having, I think this legislation is crucial. I want to thank my colleagues for supporting this.

Mr. CASTLE. Madam Speaker, at this time I yield back the balance of my time and urge support from all Members for this legislation.

Mr. MEEKS of New York. Madam Speaker, I yield 3 minutes to the gentlewoman from New York (Ms. VELÁZQUEZ) who is a member of this committee and the chairwoman of the Small Business Committee.

Ms. VELÁZQUEZ. Madam Speaker, let me first commend Chairman FRANK, Chairwoman WATERS, Mr. TOWNS, and Mr. KING for their leadership in moving this necessary legislation forward.

I proudly support H.R. 5937 because it addresses the need for affordable housing for thousands of families in Brooklyn. Across our country, low and moderate-income working families are increasingly finding adequate housing to be out of reach. No place is this disparity more apparent than in New York City where one out of every four families spends over 50 percent of their income on rent. New Yorkers in many ways face the most difficult housing market.

Starrett City is the largest federally subsidized rental complex in the country with 5,800 units and 14,000 residents. Eliminating these units will leave thousands of families stranded and set a dangerous precedent.

H.R. 5937 represents an agreement between government agencies and the owners of Starrett City to keep the development affordable. This is a carefully crafted deal that ensures the long-term vibrancy of a Brooklyn institution.

Starrett City is a strong, hardworking community. The restaurant workers, hotel employees, and seniors who live there are part of Brooklyn's very fabric. If New York loses Starrett City, we all lose a unique chance to preserve this valuable community and set a precedent for generations to come.

Starrett City is the symptom of a much larger problem in New York City and across our Nation. We have an affordability problem that requires immediate action. Today, we are taking a step in the right direction. By saving one Brooklyn development, we lay the groundwork for affordable housing preservation in the future.

I urge a "yes" vote on this legislation.

Mr. MEEKS of New York. Madam Speaker, I now yield 3 minutes to the gentlelady from the great State of New York who is also the Chair of the House Subcommittee on Financial Institutions, the Honorable CAROLYN MALONEY.

Mrs. MALONEY of New York. I thank the gentleman for yielding, and thank him for his leadership on this important legislation and for the city of New York in general.

Madam Speaker, I rise in strong support of this legislation that will help preserve affordable housing units. I commend my colleagues from Brooklyn, Congressman Towns and Congresswoman VELÁZQUEZ, for their leadership in drafting this legislation, and I thank my colleagues on the Committee on Financial Services, especially Congresswoman WATERS who is Chair of the Subcommittee on Housing, and also Chairman FRANK for bringing this important bill to the floor today.

### $\sqcap 1745$

When passed, this legislation would authorize the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, upon the request of the owner of a multi-family housing project, to convert their contract to a section 8, project-based rental assistance contract. This would have an immediate impact on Starrett City, the Starrett City housing complex in Brooklyn, New York, which is currently serving 14,000 New Yorkers in affordable housing units.

Starrett City is the largest affordable housing complex in our country, and this legislation is innovative, it is helpful, it is collaborative, and it is bipartisan. And I thank my colleague, Mr. Castle, for his leadership on the other side of the aisle.

Starrett City was opened in 1974, and recently there have been efforts to sell the complex and potentially leave these affordable housing units and have them sold and re-priced to reflect the current market value. By selling these units, you would put at risk affordable housing for all of the 14,000 residents that are living there. It would endanger their ability to continue as residents living in Starrett City, and I would say, I don't know where they would go. In New York City there is such a housing crisis and we have no affordable housing left. This legislation would help preserve these affordable units for at least the next 20 years.

All of us know that we are facing foreclosures across this country. We are talking about programs to have grants, to have negotiations, to have support, to keep people in their homes. We have before us today creative legislation that the owner supports, that the city supports, and hopefully this Congress supports, that could save 14,000 homes for New Yorkers and keep them in affordable housing.

I congratulate my colleague, Mr. Towns, and everyone else who has worked so hard to make this happen.

I urge all of my colleagues to support this tremendously important legislation that will keep people in their homes, affordable homes.

Mr. MEEKS of New York. Madam Speaker, I am now happy to yield 3 minutes to a new Member of the Congress who says that she is in her sophomore year in her freshman term, the Honorable YVETTE CLARKE.

Ms. CLARKE. Madam Speaker, to the manager of this bill, Congressman MEEKS, and to the sponsors of this bill, my colleagues, Congressman Towns, Congressman FRANK, Congressman KING, Congresswoman VELÁZQUEZ, and Congresswoman WATERS, I want to say thank you so much for having the vision and the foresight to work across the aisle to do a great service to not only the people of the city of New York, but to this Nation.

Starrett City is the last bastion of federally subsidized housing developments of this nature in this Nation. And as we look at the challenge that it faces today, we are looking at a crisis head-on for affordable housing around this Nation.

Our willingness to come together in the 11th hour to put a remedy in place speaks to our resilience and our ability to address challenges that we face in the 21st century. And as these concerns grow greater and greater and the housing crisis gets more and more in depth, with millions of moderate and low income families in peril's way, today's legislation, H.R. 5937, says that this Congress is willing to stand up and do something, and that we've been sent here to solve the problems that our communities are facing today.

I want to congratulate Congressman Castle for standing forward today in a bipartisan way. It may seem to some that this is just a piece of legislation that will impact New York, but when we stand up for New York and Starrett City and Spring Creek, we're standing up for all Americans who are facing such peril.

Mr. MEEKS of New York. Madam Speaker, I yield myself as much time as I may consume.

Let me just say, in conclusion, Madam Speaker, that what this bill does, and what we're talking about around the Nation, in a time of economic crisis, at a time when people are wondering, many, how they could afford or what kind of apartments or homes they can afford, this bill is trying to assure that all Americans can indeed have a decent roof over their head, that all Americans will understand and have the opportunity to really live the American dream. And that's what makes us such a great country.

And by this Congress stepping up to the plate, as it is, making sure that those who may not have as much money as others, but yet still can live in this great country, and can live in a facility such as Starrett City, which is clean, decent, affordable housing, says that we care about all of our people throughout these United States of America.

And so I think it was ingenious, by the authors of this bill, led by Mr.

Wu

Towns, along with Mr. King, in a bipartisan manner say that we're going to speak up and we're going to stand up, both Democrats and Republicans, that we're going to stand on the interests of making sure that there's affordable housing for those who need it. And that's what this bill does.

Madam Speaker, I vield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from New York (Mr. MEEKS) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 5937.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

Mr. CULBERSON. Madam Speaker, I object to the vote on the ground that a quorum is not present and make the point of order that a quorum is not present.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX and the Chair's prior announcement, further proceedings on this motion will be postponed.

The point of no quorum is considered withdrawn.

### MOTION TO ADJOURN

Mr. CULBERSON. Madam Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion to adjourn offered by the gentleman from Texas.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the noes appeared to have it.

# RECORDED VOTE

Mr. CULBERSON. Madam Speaker, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 138, noes 248, not voting 46, as follows:

# [Roll No. 261]

# AYES-138

Aderholt Diaz-Balart, L. Issa Akin Diaz-Balart, M. Johnson (IL) Alexander Doggett Johnson, Sam Bachus Keller Drake Barrett (SC) Dreier King (IA) Bartlett (MD) King (NY) Duncan Barton (TX) Emerson Kline (MN) English (PA) Knollenberg Biggert Bilbrav Everett LaHood Bishop (UT) Lamborn Fallin Blackburn Feeney Latham Ferguson LaTourette Blunt Bonner Lewis (CA) Bono Mack Forbes Franks (AZ) Boozman Lewis (KY) Frelinghuysen Boustany Lungren, Daniel Broun (GA) Gallegly Calvert Garrett (NJ) E. Camp (MI) Gingrey Mack Marchant Cannon Goode Goodlatte McCarthy (CA) Cantor Carter Gordon McCaul (TX) Castle Granger McCrery Chabot Hastings (WA) McKeon Cole (OK) McMorris Hayes Crenshaw Heller Rodgers Cubin Hensarling Miller (FL) Culberson Herger Miller, Gary Davis (KY) Hobson Musgrave Davis, David Hoekstra Myrick Davis, Tom Hunter Neugebauer Deal (GA) Inglis (SC) Nunes

Pearce Pence Petri Pickering Pitts Price (GA) Putnam Radanovich Regula. Rehberg Reichert Revnolds Rogers (AL) Rogers (KY)

Abercrombie

Ackerman

Bachmann

Allen

Altmire

Arcuri

Baird

Baldwin

Barrow

Becerra

Berkley

Berman

Bilirakis

Bishop (GA)

Bishop (NY)

Blumenauer

Berry

Boren

Boswell

Boucher

Boyd (FL)

Boyda (KS)

Brady (PA)

Brady (TX)

Brown (SC)

Buchanan

Burgess

Buver

Capito

Capps

Cardoza

Carnev

Castor

Clarke

Cleaver

Clyburn

Coble

Cohen

Cooper

Costello

Courtney

Cramer

Crowley

Cuellar

Davis (AL)

Davis (CA)

Davis (IL)

DeFazio

DeGette

Dent

Dicks

Dingell

Donnelly

Edwards

Ehlers

Ellison

Ellsworth

Etheridge

Fortenberry

Emanuel

Engel

Eshoo

Fattah

Filner

Fossella.

Foster

Gerlach

Giffords

Gilchrest

Gohmert

Gonzalez

Gillibrand

Foxx Frank (MA)

Costa

Clay

Carnahan

Cazayoux

Chandler

Brown, Corrine

Bean

Rohrabacher Roskam Royce Rvan (WI) Schmidt Scott (GA) Sensenbrenner Sessions Shadegg Shays Simpson Smith (NE) Smith (TX) Souder Stearns

## NOES-248

Graves

Green, Al Green, Gene Grijalya. Gutierrez Hall (NY) Hall (TX) Hare Harman Hastings (FL) Herseth Sandlin Higgins Hill Hinojosa Hirono Hodes HoltHonda Hooley Hoyer Inslee Israel Jackson (IL) Jackson-Lee (TX) Jefferson Johnson (GA) Johnson, E. B. Jordan Kagen Kanjorski Kaptur Kennedy Kildee Kilpatrick Kind Kingston Kirk Klein (FL) Kucinich Kuhl (NY) Lampson Langevin Larsen (WA) Larson (CT) Levin Lewis (GA) Lipinski LoBiondo Loebsack Lofgren, Zoe Lowey Lynch Mahoney (FL) Malonev (NY) Manzullo Markey Marshall Matheson Matsui McCarthy (NY) McCollum (MN) McCotter McDermott McGovern McHugh McIntyre McNerney McNulty Meek (FL) Meeks (NY) Melancon Mica Michaud Miller (MI) Miller (NC) Miller, George Mitchell Mollohan Moore (KS) Moore (WI)

Taylor Thornberry Tiberi Turner Upton Walden (OR) Walsh (NY) Wamp Weller Westmoreland Wilson (NM) Wittman (VA) Wolf Young (FL)

Moran (KS)

Moran (VA) Murphy (CT) Murphy, Patrick Murphy, Tim Murtha Nadler Napolitano Neal (MA) Obey Olver Ortiz Pallone Pascrell Pastor Payne Perlmutter Peterson (MN) Platts Poe Pomeroy Porter Price (NC) Rahall Ramstad Richardson Rodriguez Rogers (MI) Ros-Lehtinen Ross Rothman Roybal-Allard Ruppersberger Ryan (OH) Salazar Sánchez, Linda Т. Sanchez, Loretta Sarbanes Saxton Schiff Schwartz Scott (VA) Serrano Sestak Shea-Porter Sherman Shuler Sires Skelton Slaughter Smith (NJ) Smith (WA) Snyder Solis Space

Spratt

Stark

Stupak

Sutton

Tanner

Terry

Tierney

Tsongas

Van Hollen

Visclosky

Walz (MN)

Wasserman

Schultz

Waters

Watson

Waxman

Welch (VT)

Watt

Walberg

Towns

Tancredo

Tauscher

Thompson (CA)

Thompson (MS)

Sullivan

Wilson (OH) Yarmuth Woolsey NOT VOTING-Andrews DeLauro Rush Baca Doolittle Sali Boehner Dovle Schakowsky Braley (IA) Hinchey Shimkus Brown-Waite, Holden Shuster Ginny Hulshof Speier Burton (IN) Jones (NC) Tiahrt Butterfield Jones (OH) Udall (CO) Campbell (CA) Linder Udall (NM) McHenry Capuano Velázquez Carson Oberstar Weiner Peterson (PA) Conaway Weldon (FL) Conyers Pryce (OH) Whitfield (KY) Cummings Rangel Wvnn Davis, Lincoln Renzi Young (AK) Delahunt

Wilson (SC)

#### $\sqcap$ 1823

Messrs. POE, CLEAVER and ACKER-MAN changed their vote from "aye" to "no."

So the motion to adjourn was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

# COIN MODERNIZATION AND TAXPAYER SAVINGS ACT OF 2008

Mr. GUTIERREZ. Madam Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 5512) to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to prescribe the weights and the compositions of circulating coins, and for other purposes, as amended

The Clerk read the title of the bill. The text of the bill is as follows:

## H.R. 5512

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled.

# SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Coin Modernization and Taxpayer Savings Act of 2008"

# SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

The Congress finds as follows:

(1) International demand along with market speculation for commodity metals has, over the past several years, increased the cost of producing circulating coins in the United States.

(2) In a July 30, 2007, letter to the Congress, the Secretary of the Treasury, with support of the Administration's Office of Management and Budget, requested that legislation be put forward to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to make changes to the composition of circulating coins.

(3) The United States Mint has studied alternative metals for use in circulating coins, as noticed in its 2004 annual report.

(4) In 1943, the United States Mint produced zinc-coated steel pennies in response to war-time demands for copper.

(5) The United States Mint gained further experience changing the metal content of pennies in 1982, when it began producing copper-coated zinc pennies as a result of rising copper prices.

(6) The Royal Canadian Mint has produced for several years a copper-coated steel 1-cent coin that is similar to the United States penny at a significantly lower cost than the cost to produce the United States penny.

(7) Given the current cost to make a penny and volume of pennies minted, by simply reducing penny production costs to face value, the United States will save more than \$500,000,000 in the next 10 years alone.

(8) Reducing the cost to produce a nickel to face value will save the United States an additional \$60,000,000 per year.